OM SAI INSITUTE
Subject : Mathematics Class : XII Science
Date:- Marks:- 80
Section A
(A) 1 sq. unit (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ sq. unit (C) $\frac{3}{2}$ sq. units (D) $\frac{5}{2}$ sq. units (2), (-1, -3,7), (5, -1, $\lambda$ ) and
$(7, -4,7)$ is 11 cu. units then the value of $\lambda$ is A) 7 B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ C) 1 D) 5
3) If the p.d.f of a.c.r. X is $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{18}$ for $-3 < x < 3$ and $= 0$ , otherwise then $P( X  < 1) = \frac{1}{18}$
(A) $\frac{1}{27}$ (B) $\frac{1}{28}$ (C) $\frac{1}{29}$ (D) $\frac{1}{26}$ 4) If $p \wedge q$ is F, $p \rightarrow q$ is F then the truth values of $p$ and $q$ are A) T, T B) T, F C) F, T D) F, F
5) If the mean and variance of a binomial distribution are 18 and 12 respectively, then $n = \cdots$ (A) 36 (B) 54 (C) 18 (D) 27
A) $9/2$ B) 6 C) -5 D)None  7) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ then the adjoint of matrix A is
A) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ B) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ C) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ D) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
8) If polar co-ordinates of a point are $\left(2, \frac{1}{4}\right)$ then its cartesian co-ordinates are a) $\left(2, \sqrt{2}\right)$ c) $\left(2, 2\right)$ b) $\left(\sqrt{2}, 2\right)$ d) $\left(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}\right)$
nswer.(1 marks) of p → q
2) Find $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ 3) Find the area of the region bounded by the following curves, X - axis and the given lines $y = 2x + 0$ , $y = 5$
4) Find the joint equation of lines: $x + y - 3 = 0$ and $2x + y - 1 = 0$ Section B
Write the answer Any EIGHT .(2 marks)  3) Find the area of the region bounded by the following curves, X - axis and
the given lines $xy = 2, x = 1, x = 4$ 4) Find the mean number of heads in three tosses of a fair coin. 5) Write the inverse and contrapositive of the statement "If it snows, then they do not drive the car" 6) If $E(X) = 5$ and $Var(X) = 2 \cdot 5$ , find $n$ and $p$ .
7) Evaluate the following: $\tan^{-1}(1) + \cos^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}) + \sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{2})$ 8) Using truth tables prove the following logical equivalences. $\sim p \land q \equiv (p \lor q) \land \sim p$
9) SOLVE BY REDCUCTION METHOD $2x + 3y = -5,3x + y = 3$ 10) Find the graphical solution for the system of linear inequation
2x + 3y < 2x - 2y < 1

- $16h^2 = 25ab$ . 12) If slope of one of the lines given by  $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 0$  is four times the other then show that
- position vectors are  $2\hat{i} \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  and  $-5\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} 5\hat{k}$  in the ratio 3:2 internally 13) Find the position vector of point R which divides the line joining the points P and Q whose
- 14) Find i)  $\bar{u} \cdot \bar{v}$  if  $|\vec{u}| = 2$ ,  $|\vec{v}| = 5$ ,  $|\vec{u} \times \bar{v}| = 8$

#### Section C

# Write the answer Any EIGHT .(3 marks)

15) Find the area of the region bounded  $y^2 = 16x$  and x = 0, x = 4

16) Suppose error involved in making a certain measurement is continuous r.v. X with p.d.f. f(x) = k $(4-x^2)$ , for  $-2 \le x \le 2$  and = 0 otherwise.

Compute : (i) P(x > 0) (ii) P(-1 < x < 1)

17) Find the inverse of adjoint matrix of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 18) Minimize z = 4x + 8y subjected to  $2x + y \ge 7$ ,  $2x + 3y \ge 15$ ,  $y \ge 2$ ,  $x \ge 0$ ,  $y \ge 0$ 

19) Find the shortest distance between the lines  $\bar{r} = (4\hat{\imath} - \hat{\jmath}) + \lambda(\hat{\imath} + 2\hat{\jmath} - 3k)$  and

20) A die is thrown 6 times. If "getting an odd number' is a saccess, find the probability of  $\tilde{r} = (\hat{\imath} - \hat{\jmath} + 2\hat{k}) + \mu(\hat{\imath} + 4\hat{\jmath} - 5\hat{k})$ 

21) Using (i) 5 successes (ii) at least 5 successes truth table prove that  $(p \land q) \rightarrow r \equiv p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$ 

between them. Also find the point of their intersection. 22) Show that equation  $x^2-6xy+5y^2+10x-14y+9=0$  represents a pair of lines. Find the acute angle

23) Prove that [ā  $\overline{a} + \overline{b} + \overline{c}] = 0$ 

24) Prove that,  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

25) Find the volume of a tetrahedron whose vertices are

A(-1,2,3)B(3,-2,1), C(2,1,3) and D(-1,-2,4).

26) Find the angle between planes  $\vec{r} \cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) = 13$  and  $\vec{r} \cdot (2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}) = 31$ .

### Section D

## Write the answer Any FIVE.(4 marks)

27) Find the inverse of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$  by elementary Row transformations.

28) Without using truth table prove that:  $(p \land q) \lor (\sim p \land q) \lor (p \land \sim q) \equiv p \lor q$ 

the probability that out of 5 sach bulbs 29) The probability that a bulb produced by a factory will fuse after 150 days of use is 0.05. Find (iii) more than one

(i) none (ii) not more than one

30) Let the p.m.f. of r.v. X be  $P(x) = \frac{3-x}{10}$ , for x = -1,0,1,2 Calculate E(X) and Var(X).

31) If  $u = \hat{\imath} - 2\hat{\jmath} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\bar{v} = 3\hat{\imath} + \hat{k}$  and  $\bar{w} = \hat{\jmath} - \hat{k}$  are given vectors, then find  $[\bar{u} + \bar{w}] \cdot [(\bar{w} \times \bar{u}) \times \bar{u}]$  $(\bar{\mathbf{v}} \times \bar{\mathbf{w}})]$ 

32) Minimize z = 6x + 21y subject to  $x + 2y \ge 3$ ,  $x + 4y \ge 4$ ,  $3x + y \ge 3$ ,

33) Find the area of the region included between:  $y = x^2 + 3$  and the line y = x + 3 $x \ge 0, y \ge 0$  show that the minimum value of z occurs at more than two points

### ALL THE BEST

11) Find k if The sum of the slopes of the lines given by  $3x^2 + kxy - y^2 = 0$  is zero.